









Sección Mercantil

Mercado monetario

CASAS DE CAMBIO

Habana. Agosto 27 de 1907.

Table with exchange rates for various locations and currencies like Plata española, Oro americano, etc.

Ganado beneficiado y precios de la carne

Según habíamos anunciado, entre ayer y hoy, llegaron a los corrales de Luyanó las siguientes cabezas de ganado:

Table listing the number of animals and their origin (Nuevitas, Jovellanos, Camagney, Batabano).

La remolacha en Europa

Según leemos en el Journal des Fabricants de Sucre de Paris, la Asociación Internacional de Estadística Azucarera compara de la siguiente manera el número de hectáreas sembradas de remolacha en Europa...

Table with columns for year (1906, 1907) and various European countries (Francia, Alemania, etc.).

El Banco Nacional de Méjico. Según leemos en El Progreso Latino de Méjico, el Banco Nacional ha hecho saber que en lo sucesivo se cambiarán en su casa matriz y sucursales todos los billetes de los Bancos yucatecos...

Notas Financieras

Los mercados del dinero. Al finalizar el pasado mes la situación en los principales mercados del mundo era, según El Economista de Madrid del 3 del actual, como sigue:

Los mercados del dinero. Pocas variaciones han ocurrido en la situación general, en cuanto a su fondo; pues si es verdad que se han fortalecido algo los precios en estos últimos días, el hecho ha sido tan normal como pasajero...

Respecto al mercado inglés, ahora se está llegando precisamente a un tiempo en que las salidas de numerario desde Londres han de ser considerables, primeramente, a causa de las próximas fiestas...

Seguro contra el robo. Según los datos publicados últimamente por la Assicurazioni, de Roma, este ramo del seguro fué practicado por seis Compañías. La marcha del negocio fué buena y satisfactoria...

Sociedades y Empresas

Por circular fechada en esta el 22 del actual, nos participan los señores J. Rodríguez y Compañía, que desde la citada fecha han dejado de pertenecer a su casa los señores don Jaime Autrich y don Rufino Menéndez...

Movimiento marítimo

Este vapor americano entró en puerto esta mañana procedente de Tampa y Cayo Hueso, con carga general y 51 pasajeros...

Lonja del Comercio de la Habana

VENTAS EFECTUADAS HOY. 304 vino La Viña Gallega, \$29.00 uno; 204 id. blanco id. id. id., \$24.00 id.

Seguro contra el robo. Los premios representaron 254,000 libras, de las cuales pertenecen a la Assicurazioni Generali más de 100,000.

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Table of shipping schedules under 'Vapores de travesia' for August and September.

BUQUES CON REGISTRO ABIERTO

Para New York, Cádiz, Barcelona; G6nova, vapor español Buenos Aires, por M. Otaduy.

BUQUES DESPACHADOS

Día 26: Paa Veracruz y escalas, vapor americano Morro Castle, por Zaldo y comp.

Empresas Mercantiles y Sociedades

ASOCIACION DE DEPENDIENTES DEL COMERCIO DE LA HABANA. Se pone en conocimiento de los Señores Asociados que desde el lunes 26 del mes corriente, queda abierta la matrícula para las clases nocturnas...

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Advertisement for 'Vapores de travesia' and 'VAPORES CORREOS' by the company 'La Compania Transatlantica'. Mentions Captain Alondra and Manuel Calvo.

Advertisement for 'BUENOS AIRES' shipping line, mentioning Captain Aldamiz and services to New York, Cádiz, Barcelona.

Advertisement for 'ALFONSO XIII' shipping line, mentioning Captain Amezaga and services to Veracruz.

Advertisement for 'VAPORES CORREOS' by the 'Compañía Hamburguesa Americana'. Features the ship 'DANIA' and 'BAVARIA'.

Advertisement for 'LA NORMANDIE' shipping line, mentioning Captain LeLANCHON and services to Vera Cruz.

Advertisement for 'COMPAÑIA TRASATLANTICA DE VAPORES CORREOS' and 'MALA REAL INGLESA'.

Advertisement for 'VAPORES CORREOS FRANCESES' and 'CON EL GOBIERNO FRANCES'.

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Advertisement for 'Vapores costeros' and 'EL NUEVO VAPOR ALAVA II'.

Advertisement for 'EMPRESA DE VAPORES DE SOBRINOS DE HERRERA'.

Advertisement for 'NOTAS' regarding 'CARGA DE CABOTAJE' and 'CARGA DE TRAVESIA'.

Advertisement for 'Vuelta Abajo S. S. Co. Veguero'.



ENGLISH PAGES OF THE DIARIO DE LA MARINA Havana, August 27, 1907

A HARD JOB

Some of the Liberal orators who addressed a political meeting held at park Trillo the other evening, indulged in amusing criticisms against the Provisional Government and expressed a strong desire to see the Americans leave Cuba at once.

Fortunately, Doctor Jose L. Castellanos reminded the meeting that the Americans were accomplishing a mission entrusted to them by the Cubans themselves, and that Governor Magoon was acting within the provisions of the constitution of Cuba and for the very sake of its people.

The impatient Cubans, who are not many after all, in spite of the extraordinary utterances heard in that meeting, ought to keep this along with them; that it is for their own benefit and for the future stability of their own government, that the Americans are earnestly working here.

After what happened last year in this island, the Americans cannot set matters right again, prevent another possible tyrannical Cuban administration and, consequently, another Cuban revolution, clean the country for keeping its independence and carry out, in one word, the vast program agreed upon between Secretary Taft and the revolutionists, as quickly as a man can say Jack Robinson or another deliver a speech at park Trillo.

To overthrow a Cuban government requires no time; but to establish another capable of standing revolutions and fulfilling its international obligations, is not so easy.

CUBA'S SANITATION

Since the sanitation of Cuba is an international duty of the republic, Governor Magoon's decree responds to an absolute necessity overlooked by the past administration.

It was perfectly absurd to entrust to the Cuban municipalities, which have no international status, the grave obligation of fulfilling one of the most important conditions of Cuba's independence, contained in the Platt Amendment.

The municipalities ought to share in the expenses for sanitary improvements and public cleanliness since they are as much benefited by them as the whole country; but the central government is entitled to the control of the works for which efficiency it assumes the responsibility before the United States.

The Governor's decree admirably covers these two main points.

ENGLAND'S UNEASY MIND

In the Fortnightly Review, Mr. Sidney Whitman begins his paper on the "Metamorphosis of England," with the following interesting remarks:

The British Empire has reached an unprecedented height of power; it enjoys almost unequalled consideration abroad. Within the memory of men scarcely past middle age, England has nearly doubled the area of her possessions, so that today she holds sway over something like one-fifth of the inhabited globe.

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the earliest teachers of their offspring. As a further instance of the social hegemony of England, the curious fact may be mentioned that although there is not a single first-class hotel in London which is not managed and "staffed" by foreigners, nearly all the newest and most fashionable caravanseries on the continent are constructed according to English ideas of comfort, and are named after some English town or hotel, such as Westminster, Windsor, Bristol, Savoy, or Carlton.

But all this glory may yet prove to be like Nineveh's and Tyre's. What more natural than to expect that the radiating centre of so much social prestige and power should constitute in itself a basis of rock-like stability? Instead of this being the case, we find a peculiar form of emotional unrest pervading every sphere of English polite society.

After reading the above statements it would be well to remember that the same ideas prevailed among critics of England about the middle of the last century when the poetry of Byron, Shelley and Keats spread throughout Europe the melancholy unrest of their minds, which soon was called by the French la maladie du siecle.

Then it was said also that emotional uneasiness pervaded every sphere of English polite society and Old England was very near losing her well deserved reputation of being Merry. But since that time "she doubled the area of her possessions," as Mr. Whitman says, and why should we believe, therefore, that a passing wave of emotional unrest in the public mind, can shake the "rock-like stability" of British power?

DR. LOPEZ DEL VALLE

The appointment of Dr. Jose A. Lopez del Valle as local Sanitary chief of Havana, has caused great

satisfaction to all who know that distinguished physician and loyal official and have had an opportunity to appreciate his tireless work in the Sanitary Department.

Major Kean is to be congratulated for having proposed Dr. del Valle's appointment to Governor Magoon.

TYPHOID FEVER REPORTED AT TUNAS

Not a Cent Spent on Sanitation in Eight Years.—People Ask for Government Aid.

The people of Victoria de las Tunas, says The Lucha, are very much alarmed at the prevalence of typhoid fever there, from which a number of deaths have occurred. There is no local sanitary board and no funds with which to fight the disease.

The citizens have organized committees in order to fight the plague as effectively as possible, but they realize that unless the government takes some prompt action many lives will be lost.

PROVINCIAL COUNCIL QUORUM BROKEN

One Member Got Mad Because Body Would Not Play His Way and Left the Hall.

The deliberations of Havana's provincial council, at yesterday's session, says The Havana Post, did not last long, the quorum being broken by Sr. Valdes Bordas, because other subjects were discussed in preference to the regulations affecting the internal order of the council.

The discussion on a public road and a petition presented by Sr. Arango had not been finished when Sr. Valdes Bordas left the hall and the meeting was adjourned.

The councilmen in attendance were Sres. Arango, Luzuriaga, Valdes Bordas, Cossio, Lima, Casado, Camejo, La Fe, and Perez.

GOVERNOR'S DECREE ABOUT SANITATION

Supplementary Decree Appointing Local Chiefs of Sanitation in Cuban Municipalities.

Chief of National Sanitation and Board Will Be Appointed for Terms of Four Years.

Governor Magoon has signed the decree nationalizing the sanitary service of Cuba. It is a very lengthy document, of which the following is the gist: "The provisional governor, taking into account the fact that it has not been possible for the municipalities to maintain an efficient sanitary service, and it being necessary, moreover, that the said service be uniform in its methods, and the maintenance of good sanitary conditions in the towns throughout the republic being a national obligation, has decreed the following: "To create a national department of sanitation.

"The said department shall consist of a chief of sanitation who shall be a doctor of medicine and surgery; a national board of sanitation; office force necessary for the department and its dependencies; a local chief in each municipality with the assistants and employees needful, and such temporary employees as shall be needed for the formulating of plans to prevent epidemic diseases.

"The chief of sanitation shall be appointed by the president of the republic, for a period of four years, and may be removed for cause by the appointing power. In the absence of the chief, his place shall be filled by the chief clerk of the department. The national board of sanitation of the republic shall consist of the following six members: The chief of sanitation of the republic, the president of the commission on infectious diseases, the president of the commission of special hygiene, local chief of sanitation of Havana, one duly licensed lawyer, and one duly licensed engineer.

"Each of these members shall be appointed by the president for four years.

"The national board of sanitation shall hold a general supervision of all matters relating to the public health and to sanitation throughout the whole of the republic. It shall maintain in Havana a biological, chemical and bacteriological laboratory, properly equipped with necessary instruments and apparatus, and capable personnel for the study

of bacteriology and the examination of foods. "The resolution of the said board shall be obligatory upon the department of charities, and upon the latter shall devolve the enforcement of the laws regarding leprosy and the dispensaries and sanitariums for the cure of leprosy shall be subject to the national board.

"The vaccination commission, created by Order No. 175, Series of 1901, is suppressed, its functions passing to the national board of sanitation, as also those of the service of special hygiene.

"In each municipality there shall be a local chief of sanitation, charged with the care of all sanitary matters, who shall represent the chief of sanitation of the republic in his locality, and the following services: Street sweeping and cleaning, garbage gathering, public and private disinfection, filling and drainage wherever necessary to the public health on either public or private lands, the cost of the same to be charged to the owner of the land.

"The costs of the municipal sanitation shall be defrayed by the state, but the municipalities shall contribute up to 10 per cent of their collections, which 10 per cent shall be deposited in the general treasury of the republic through the agency of the various fiscal zones, quarterly. Nevertheless, during the fiscal year of 1907, the municipalities shall contribute only the amounts provided in their budgets, for sprinkling and cleaning the streets and disinfection of sewers, gathering of garbage and sanitary inspection.

"There shall be established the system of levying fines for infractions of the sanitary regulations, by the local sanitary authorities, from whom appeal may be taken to the municipal or correctional court of the district.

"To Order No. 213 of the series of 1900 shall be added the following: 'All persons infringing any article of the sanitary ordinances specified in Par. "a," Sec. 5 of the decree of nationalization of the sanitary services.'

"The local chiefs of sanitation shall receive the following salaries: In cities of more than one thousand and less than three thousand and not exceeding five thousand inhabitants, \$1,200; not exceeding eight thousand inhabitants, \$1,500; not exceeding twelve thousand inhabitants, \$1,800; less than twenty thousand inhabitants, \$2,100; less than thirty thousand, \$2,400; less than forty thousand, \$2,700; more than forty thousand, \$3,000; Havana, \$3,600.

"This decree shall take effect from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette, save as relating to the

"Flor de A. Fernández García"

INDEPENDENT cigar factory of universal fame. NEPTUNO 170-172.

R. FERNANDEZ & CO. - PROPRIETORS.

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