



## RACE RIOT IN HARLEM

ONE KILLED,  
MANY HURT

### WORST IN YEARS

NEW YORK, Thursday

The worst race riot in twenty-five years developed yesterday in New York's «black belt» the famous Negro district of Harlem, as a result of the theft of a few sweets by a Negro lad from a department store.

When the boy was caught and questioned by the White shop assistant who saw him attempting to make away with his petty plunder, rumours quickly spread outside the shop as to what was going on inside.

The rumours attracted a crowd of 3,000 Negroes within a few minutes. A fight started in an effort to get the mob to disperse, and guerrilla warfare with every weapon which came to hand, including the inevitable razors, began which lasted through the night.

Several hundred police reinforcements were immediately sent into the district from surrounding areas to supplement the Harlem force of police, which consists of Negro officers who are generally sufficient to quell all disturbances in Harlem.

#### Fire Over Heads

The police restored order after considerable difficulty by firing over the heads of the rioters. Despite their care there were many casualties.

Many of the police officers were hurt, while one Negro was killed and thirty more were sent to the hospital. One hundred and fifty rioters of both races were arrested and held for questioning.

The streets in Harlem today are

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## REICH SERVICE

ARTICLE BY GEN.  
VON BLOMBERG

BERLIN, Thursday

«Universal compulsory military service in Germany will be organised according to the principles of the National-Socialist state,» declares General von Blomberg, Minister of Defence.

The declaration is contained in an article in the *Voelkische Beobachter*, the official organ of the National-Socialist Party. The purpose of the article is stated to be to answer the questions which millions of people throughout the Reich have been asking since the Government's momentous proclamation last Saturday.

General von Blomberg tells his readers not to conceive of the new defence system as a mere resuscitation of that which prevailed in Germany before the Great War. The outlook of the National-Socialist state, he claims, is always directed forward, not backward.

The new system of compulsory service will include everyone, and will know no privileges. The attainment of a higher standard of education will not, as formerly, entitle anyone to a shorter period of military training.

Character and achievement alone, declares the General, will determine the career and the value of the individual, as has already been set forth in that well known work, «The Duty of the German Soldier». The pamphlet in question was issued by the Ministry of Defence since General von Blomberg's appointment, and every soldier in the Reichswehr is obliged to make himself familiar with its contents.

The nation's defence force, continues the article, can only be strong and united if it is based on the participation of the whole nation. This is only conceivable when the forces and ideas inherent in the whole people are intim-

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## FRENCH PROTEST TO REICH APPEAL TO LEAGUE COUNCIL

### LAW «ILLEGAL»

PARIS, Thursday

The French Cabinet decided yesterday to demand the immediate convocation of the League of Nations Council to consider the situation created by the institution of compulsory military service in Germany.

The Cabinet also approved the text of a note of protest, which is being handed to the German Government today. The negotiations with Great Britain and Italy for the purpose of arranging a conference were approved, and M. Laval was authorised to accept the invitation of the Soviet Union to visit Moscow.

The telephone conversations between Paris, London and Rome, which have been going on for the last two days, have now led to a definite result.

#### Powers To Confer

A preliminary conference attended by M. Laval, Mr. Eden and Signor Suvich will take place, it is announced, next Saturday, before Sir John Simon's departure for Berlin. It is proposed to hold a second conference immediately after the termination of the negotiations in Berlin, Moscow and Warsaw in order to discuss the material provided by those visits.

As soon as the French demand for the convocation of the League of Nations Council is received by the Secretary General, according to a Geneva message, it will be telegraphed to M. Rushdi A ras, the Turkish Foreign Minister, who is President of the Council. The President will then communicate with the other members of the Council and propose a date for the Council's next meeting.

The Council adopted in January

(Continued on page 4)

#### CENSORSHIP LIFTED

The censorship of the press in the Province of the Balearics was raised yesterday by order of H. E. the Civil Governor. The present issue of The Daily Palma Post is therefore uncensored.

The censorship was established in Palma just before the revolt of October 6 last year, which caused the declaration of a state of war and therefore the enforcement of a military censorship throughout the country.

It was transferred to the civil authority however before the transition to the state of alarm now in force in the Province, and its abolition is in accordance with the Government's policy of restoring normal conditions in those provinces in which it is considered advisable.

## ETHIOPIA AGAIN ANOTHER BORDER INCIDENT

ROME, Thursday

Another attack by Ethiopian border tribesmen is reported today from Italian East Africa.

Armed tribesmen, it is stated, made a raid in the frontier area and stole 100 camels owned by natives under Italian rule. Count Vinci, the Italian Minister at Addis Abbaba, has been instructed to make a protest, and the Italian Government is reserving the right to demand reparations.

The incident is considered unimportant in well informed circles. Nevertheless it has not improved the situation which has existed between Ethiopia and Italy since the Walwal incident in December.

The latest Ethiopian note to the League of Nations, according to a message from Geneva, declares that the independence of Ethiopia is at stake, and that the frontier dispute with Italy has reached a stage where a rupture is likely. Ethiopia therefore appeals to the League Council for a full inquiry into the responsibilities for the various clashes between Ethiopians and Italian subjects in the border districts.

The Italian Government's reply to the last Ethiopian note received here states that Italy wishes to continue direct negotiations. That was the course recommended by the League of Nations Council when the question was last raised at Geneva, but the Government at Addis Abbaba appears to have become impatient with the slow progress of the negotiations.

Ethiopia is asking for arbitration by an impartial neutral tribunal, the verdict of which the Emperor Haile Selassie has declared his willingness to accept, even if it goes against his country. The Italian Government, in its latest note, objects to that method of procedure, calling it slow and complicated.

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## MALTESE COMPLAINT TO KING

MALTA, Thursday

The citizens of Malta believe in combining business with pleasure and in never losing sight of their goal. Those citizens of Malta, that is, who are not or do not consider themselves British.

For the occasion of the forthcoming Silver Jubilee of His Majesty King George V, the Maltese Nationalist Organisation, somewhat ahead of time, has addressed a telegram of congratulation to the sovereign.

But the telegram was not wholly one of good will. At the same time and in the same message, His Majesty's Maltese subjects expressed their dissatisfaction with the British government's policy.

It is that section of the policy which concerns the Italian language with which dissatisfaction,

## BELGIAN CABINET CRISIS

GOLD STANDARD  
ISSUE

### NO FRENCH HELP

BRUSSELS, Thursday

His Majesty King Leopold yesterday continued the discussion with representatives of the various parties with a view to solving the Cabinet crisis brought about by the resignation of M. The and his Government.

All the efforts to form a Cabinet are turning on the question of the policy to be adopted towards the maintenance of gold standard and the stability of the belga.

The Belgian Socialist Party decided to assist in the formation of any Government which have the support of a parliamentary majority and is capable of restoring the confidence of the country. M. Vandervelde, leader of the party, and five other members have been appointed to conduct negotiations which probably lead to the formation of a coalition.

#### Coalition Demand

The formation of a National Government prepared to do so—the belga is being widely demanded, now that public opinion has been aroused to the danger of the situation. The newspaper *Stands* is conducting a campaign for sharp measures against the situation, similar to those used successfully in Italy and Germany.

The Catholic group in the Chamber, the attitude of which is an extremely important factor in the present situation, has voted an overwhelming majority to support the policy of adhering to the gold standard, only two

(Continued on page 4)

## RUMOURS OF MDVANI

Persistent rumours circulated yesterday that Prince Alexis Mdvani and his brother-in-law, the well-known painter Señor Sert of Catalonia, were in Palma on their way to the United States and a Reno divorce for the Prince from his famous wife, Barbara Hutton, heir to the Woolworth millions.

The rumours of the presence of Prince Alexis are still current, but no definite evidence of his arrival has been found. Hotel managers in Palma and Terreno all claim to be without news of the polo-playing Prince and not to have seen or even heard of him.

It is possible, however, that the Prince and his companion landed in Palma and took a boat immediately for England, where Barbara Hutton is reported at present, although no definite information has been received to indicate that

this is correct.

It was announced last Sunday in Paris that the pair were separating via the Reno divorce route, although they said that they were remaining the fast friends they had always been.

While Princess Barbara gave an interview in her apartment at the Ritz in London, the Prince confirmed her statements by telephone from the apartment of his brother-in-law in Catalonia. That was the last heard from him and the latest known of his whereabouts.

The couple were married in a blaze of splendour and publicity in Paris in June, 1933. There have been reports, always denied, of their separation ever since, chiefly because of the amount of time the Prince devoted to his polo game.

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**FRENCH IRE**

The German declaration of the  
sanitisation law and compulsory  
military service last Saturday was  
expected to clear the air. It has  
done just that, but it has cleared  
up more air than was expect-  
ed. Diplomatic negotiations natura-  
lly have come further into the  
open now that Germany has ad-  
mitted what almost everybody  
knew already, but there has been  
no expected clarity in a quarter far  
different and for different rea-  
sons.

According to the French press—  
in practically every large and  
important Paris paper concur-  
ring—the new situation caused by  
Germany's admission shows up the  
incoherence of Great Britain.  
The French public, it is claimed,  
is in horror of the revelations  
made. For Sir John Simon,  
on his way to Berlin with the  
proposals of the French states-  
man in his pocket, has not chan-  
ged by one jot or tittle the ideas  
held prior to the German de-  
claration of last week.

The British government, accord-  
ing to the French viewpoint, is  
guilty of connivance with the Ger-  
mans and of forwarding their own  
interests to the exclusion of those  
of France by failing to issue a  
strong protest to the German de-  
claration of armament.  
Why the French press allows  
this outburst is fairly clear. The  
French are disappointed that noth-  
ing has thus far been done, that  
Germany has not been diplomati-  
cally chastised, and that apparen-  
tly nothing will be done and the  
French will be allowed to proceed as  
they wish. If such is the case, say  
the French, it constitutes a mena-  
ce to France and the peace of Eu-  
rope.

It is, of course, not the case.  
That Britain has not protested  
is one reason. That reason is  
that Britain understands that it  
can do no good. Sir John Si-  
mon and the Foreign Office have  
been for a long time of the ar-  
gument of Germany, and the  
German statement of them does  
not alter the facts.  
Sir John will take the declara-  
tion into consideration when he  
returns to Berlin. Let the French  
be reassured—and stop making ac-  
cusations.

**ON THE ISLAND**

*By The Wayfarer*

Tourist conditions in Spain were described by Lt.-Commander Niall Griffin when he arrived from Gibraltar this week. He has been visiting in Sevilla where the weather was hot during most of his stay. He did not meet with a single American during his journey on the mainland. Lt.-Commander Griffin is visiting Palma for the purpose of a short holiday with Major and Mrs. Lee, before the latter leave the Island for England on their yacht, Foam. The Lee's visitor is himself the owner of a yacht, the Primrose. He has spent much time at Cannes during recent years, where he is known as an enthusiastic member of the yachting fraternity.

**TO LEAVE:—**

Mr. George Copeland, who returned to his home on the Island early this week, will be off again next month. He is scheduled to give two concerts in Paris during the latter part of April, and will remain in France for some time, returning to Mallorca for the summer season.

**ASTROLOGIST:—**

Mr. Robert de Bruce, the American astrologist who has been gi-

ving private interviews at the Hotel Mediterraneo during the past fortnight, left for the Continent this week. Mr. de Bruce received considerable attention in the Paris newspapers a short time ago when he addressed the American Women's Society and told them that the stars predicted the conviction of Bruno Hauptmann. The prediction was made only a short time before the jury's verdict was made known in Paris. The astrologist also has read the destiny of the world's leading statesmen and his conclusions make interesting reading. He gave several lectures on that subject during his stay here.

**PALESTINE:—**

Miss Margaret V. Travers has drawn on her vast experience in Palestine as a social worker for the lecture about a tour of Palestine which she gave to a large audience on Thursday afternoon in El Terreno. She also used a series of lantern slides to illustrate her lecture. Admission was free but a collection was made for the benefit of the English Church Fund.

**NEW YORKER:—**

The prominent New York phi-

lanthropist, Mr. Charles Bernheimer, is on his way back to the United States after a short holiday on the Island. He stopped at the Hotel Mediterraneo during his stay here.

**SETTLED:—**

Some of last week's arrivals from England who have gone to the Hotel Mediterraneo in El Terreno are the following: Mr. and Mrs. John Service, Mrs. Francis Alice Brandel Davis, Mrs. Isabel Brunden, Mr. and Mrs. William Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Craddock, Mr. George Henry Heath, Mr. William P. Clark, and Mr. and Mrs. Keith Wilcox Malkin. Mrs. Olga Dix, who came to the hotel from London early this month has left for Barcelona.

**THREE AND THERE:—**

Captain Everard Digby is living at the Casa Pastor in Son Augustin.

Señor Bruno Bascheria and Señora «Gugu» Gurtubey are once again in Barcelona. Señora Gurtubey is the former Señora Merry del Val.

Mrs. Eda Urbani has left Palma for Barcelona. She will continue her work as an art photographer in the Catalan capital.

Mr. Mortimer is in Barcelona where he plans to open an office for his company, the Mallorca Development Company. He will be gone about three weeks.

**BY HOOK OR BY CROOK**

Another marvel of nature has gone down the drain. First the Loch Ness monster turns out to be Harry Lauder taking an incognito holiday in the Highlands, and now this.

Some days ago the wires that feed the news agencies quivered with the news that anthropologists had found the fossil remains of a pygmy man fifteen inches high and those of a cow just three inches taller. Eminent scientists were sounded for their views on the implications of this latest portent, while the news hounds on the spot went out for further details of the discovery.

The find was made at Vadnagar, in India, northward from Bombay. So the Bombay correspondents of the agencies, after putting the news on the wire, packed each his toothbrush and spare pencils, and to Vadnagar they went.

The local authorities at Vadnagar, to whom the newshawks first applied for information, were more amused than helpful. «Piffle!» remarked one local dignitary. «A hoax.» was another's comment. «Some practical joker.» theorised a third.

It was a disappointing day for the gentlemen of the press. Also for the agencies. Also for guleless readers like myself, who love to read of the wonders of science, and have still a warm spot in our hearts for the late tenant of the Scottish loch.

There was one correspondent, however, who was not satisfied. Rumours, he believed, did not grow on bushes. They had origins. So he just probed about with the organ with which beneficent Nature has provided journalists for that purpose, until he found the origin of this one.

Palaeology departs at this point, and folklore comes in. Instead of an unaccommodating fact, the news gatherer turned up a charming fancy.

The simple people of that part of India, it seems, believe that spreading a false report is a sovereign remedy, not only for boredom, but also for domestic troubles. Somebody in Vadnagar had a mother-in-law who had come for a short visit six years ago, or something, and all that journalistic activity was the result of his efforts to restore the peace of his home.

I had not heard of the Hindu plan for securing domestic happiness, but then I discover new facets of life every day. It would not surprise me to discover that the plan has been practised all around me for years.

The thought compels a more understanding and sympathetic attitude to the local gossip mongers. A short session in any bar in Palma or El Terreno opens up a vista of warring and unrestful households which is too much for the sensitive and pacifistic nature of

*El Ganchoero*

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## ANNIVERSARY CONCERTS

The Trio de Mallorca announces that its next concert will be held in the Almudaina palace on Friday, March 22 at 6 p.m.

The concert is being given to celebrate the 250th anniversary of John Sebastian Bach, Scarlatti and Haendel, all of whom, by a strange coincidence, were born in the year 1685. The programme therefore consists of works by those three composers.

Miss Alice Weitzen (soprano) is cooperating in the vocal numbers with the members of the Trio, Don J. Mas Porcel (piano), Mr. Fred. Cranz (violin) and Don Jesús Quintana (cello). Mr. Cranz will also be at the organ for the items which require that instrument.

The first Bach composition on Friday's programme is an aria from the Whitsun Cantata, for voice, cello and organ. The Largo from the C minor concerto (piano and organ) and the E major sonata for violin and piano complete the Bach section.

Señor Mas Porcel has the Scarlatti section to himself. The Italian composer is represented by five piano sonatas, in A minor, D minor, C minor, C major and G major respectively.

The Haendel section begins with two piano pieces, the wellknown *Passacaglia* and the «Harmonious Blacksmith», Miss Weitzen is to sing two Haendel arias, that from «Alexander's Feast» with cello and piano accompaniment, and the other, from «Acis and Galatea», with violin, cello and organ.

The concert at the Almudaina palace will be the ninth of the series which is being given by the Trio de Mallorca. Their next following concert will commemorate the 125th anniversary of the birth of Chopin.

It is to be given in the former Carthusian monastery in Valldemosa, where the Polish composer lived during his visit to Mallorca. The programme will include his D minor trio, cello sonata, *Lieder* and piano works composed in the Island.

## THEATRE GUIDE

### TEATRO PRINCIPAL

#### Nuits Moscovites

with

Annabella

3:30 6:30 9:30

### TEATRO LIRICO

#### Hollywood Party

(in Spanish)

All the M. G. M. Stars

3:30 6:30 9:30

### SALON RIALTO

#### Marie Galante

with

Ketti Gallian

3:30 6:30 9:30

## WORLD EVENTS IN BRIEF

### LONDON, Thursday

The Port of London Authority is seeking parliamentary powers to spend one and three-quarter million pounds on a five-year dock improvement scheme, providing a deep water quayage at thirty-one feet with electrically equipped berths and a 5,350 foot quay at the Royal Albert Docks. A new dock development is also envisaged for the Tyne, with the government making a grant of from a quarter to three-quarters of a million pounds for the scheme for deep water berthage at Jarrow.

### PARIS, Thursday

Following an intensive search in the desert and jungle areas of the Belgian Congo, the wrecked plane of the French Equatorial Africa Governor, M. Renaud, has been discovered. The governor with his wife and five passengers had apparently been killed instantly when the machine crashed during a tornado which eliminated all visibility.

### NAPLES, Thursday

Former Premier Venizelos, who was the leader of the recent abortive Greek revolt, has arrived here with 120 Greek political refugees. He stated to reporters that the Greek government is now attempting to establish a dictatorship on German lines with a view to the eventual restoration of the Monarchy.

### LONDON, Thursday

A new body aiming at better appreciation of Great Britain abroad has been established with a government grant of £6,000. The organisation is designed to promote a wider knowledge of the English language, literature, art, science, education, institutions and other aspects of English life.

### RIGA, Thursday

More than 1,000 former Tsarist officers have been arrested here on charges of anti-Soviet activity in behalf of a foreign power.

### MOSCOW, Thursday

One thousand and seventy-four

persons have been arrested in Leningrad and condemned to banishment in Siberia, while 300 more have been arrested in Moscow. A semi-official statement declares that the sentences of banishment were passed because the persons arrested belonged to the bourgeoisie and were found guilty of espionage for a foreign power. They will be refused permission ever again to return to the central region of the Soviet Union. The exiles include a number of former ministers and functionaries of the former Imperial Russian Government and officers of the old Russian army.

### VIENNA, Thursday

Doctor Rintelen, Former Austrian Minister to Rome, who was last week sentenced to life imprisonment for complicity in high treason, has been declared by physicians to be fit to undergo his sentence, and has therefore been removed to prison. Herr Rintelen was still suffering from the effects of the wound which he inflicted upon himself when he attempted suicide after his arrest in July.

## RACE RIOT IN HARLEM

(Continued from page 2).

strewn with debris. Many shops are wrecked, and a number of them have been looted. The rioting spread far beyond the confines of the street in which it started and in which the shop where the theft took place is located.

Race riots in New York break out from time to time despite all advances made in the relations between the races, but rarely with such intensity and such feeling as was aroused yesterday.

Chicago has been known as the usual seat of race rioting, and the black belt in that city is being patrolled with care today.

## REICH SERVICE

(Continued from page 2).

ately allied.

The defence force, declares the Minister in conclusion, serves the present but prepares the way for the work of Germany's future.

The Minister's article is considered especially important as laying down the main lines of the legislation which he has to prepare in order to give effect to the Government's decision to reestablish conscription. The law promulgated on Saturday does not enter into details.

Its first two paragraphs declare the reestablishment of compulsory military service, and state the size of the force which it is intended to create. The third and final paragraph simply hands the task of submitting detailed legislation for putting the decision into effect to the Minister of Defence.

## ETHIOPIA AGAIN

(Continued from page 2).

The concentration of troops in Eritrea and Italian Somaliland only provides for the legitimate and necessary defence of the colonies, according to the Government here. It is stated that Italian consuls had previously submitted unimpeachable information that Ethiopian troops were being mobilised in the northern part of the country.

## FASHIONS

By MARY KNIGHT

United Press Staff Correspondent

PARIS.—Gather ye shirrings while ye may—the rosebuds are all right, too, be they in printed clusters for fabric, or artificial bunches for bosoms, waistlines or shoulders.

But the shirring is very important. You can use it for the diaphanous and lovely sleeves that must fit sleekly at the shoulders for voluminous skirts that should fall gracefully from the hips; and for necklines that need skillful draping and measured fulness both back and front.

Another new hat has come amongst us—and you may as well believe it as not—which consists of two layers of screen-like tulle for the rather wide and oblong brim, and a shallow crown of fabric or straw. The brim, or brims to be exact, turn up in front as if the wind were blowing against them (but they will stay that way even when there is a dead lull in the zephyrs).

There are evening capes of stiff white pique, gathered gen-

## BELGIAN CABINET CRISIS

(Continued from page 2).

bers voting against. Hitherto it had been asserted that the Catholic Party would not be disposed to oppose the inflationists.

The negative result of the negotiations of last weekend in Paris is said in parliamentary circles here to have been the real reason for the resignation of the Theunis Cabinet.

The Premier declared bluntly in his interview with the French Ministers that Belgium would be forced to abandon the gold standard unless other countries belonging to the gold bloc, above all France, came to the rescue by giving Belgium wider markets for the export of her industrial products. The French Government, however, responded only with non-committal phrases.

It was thus made clear that Belgium is thrown on her own resources for the defence of her currency.

erously onto a smooth yoke that just fits the shape of the shoulders. One such model at Molyneux' is fastened in front by means of a huge black enamel safety pin!

## FRENCH PROTEST TO REICH

(Continued from page 2).

a proposal of M. Litvinoff that at least five days notice of an extraordinary session must be given to members. It is therefore probable that the Council will meet before next week at the earliest and most probably the session will not take place until early in April.

The French note in reply to the German communication of March 16 announcing the reestablishment of conscription is understood to declare that Germany has violated international law and made negotiations with her most difficult. France declares that she will not recognise the legality of the German Government's decision.

The Senate yesterday passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 263 votes to 21, after Flandin had made his expected declaration of the French Government's attitude to the new German military service law. The Premier simultaneously announced formally to the Senate the Government's decision to extend the term of service in the French Army.

The anxiety of France, said Flandin, had been still further increased by Germany's action which was a breach of Article 19 of the Treaty of Versailles. Germany had attempted to represent this action as a reply to the British White Paper and the French extension of the period of service but in actual fact twelve armoured corps already existed.

The German statement, continued the Premier, embodied a standpoint which, if approved by world opinion, would mean the destruction of the machinery of peace built up by the League of Nations. M. Flandin then quoted some sentences from the German statement referring to Germany's honour and security in order to prove his contention.

It was untrue, he declared, that Germany did not want war since 1914, and voluntarily laid down arms in 1918. It was likewise untrue that France had not fulfilled her disarmament obligations, since the effective strength of the French army had been reduced to fifty per cent as compared with 1914, while the tonnage of the navy had decreased by 218,000 tons.

After describing the German arguments as a «distortion of history», M. Flandin announced the Government's decision to bring the matter before the League of Nations. He emphasised that France did not desire to maintain any unjust and intolerable situation, and added that all treaty negotiations were possible within the framework of judicial procedure.

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