

# The Daily PALMA POST



VOLUME VI  
NUMBER 63

PALMA DE MALLORCA  
TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1935

15 CTS.  
THE COPY

## Exchange Rates

(Basic Dealers' Quotations)

Franc in Palma	48.45
Pound in Palma	35.10
Dollar in Palma	7.36
Reichsmark	2.96

(Courtesy Recasens & Co.)

## SHIPPING INFORMATION

Marseilles-Genoa-Port Said arrives and leaves Palma:  
March 27, S. S. LLANGIBBY CASTLE. April 24, S. S. LLANDOVERY CASTLE.

Gibraltar-London arrives and leaves Palma:  
April 4, S. S. DUNLUCE CASTLE.

Toulon-Naples-Port Said arrives and leaves Palma:  
March 23, S. S. ORONSAY. May 2, S. S. OTRANTO.

Gibraltar-Plymouth-London arrives and leaves Palma:  
March 23, S. S. OTRANTO. April 6, S. S. ORFORD. April 20, S. S. ORONTES.

Marseilles-Port Said-Port Sudan arrives and leaves Palma:  
March 22, S. S. BURMA. April 5, S. S. YOMA.

Gibraltar-U. K. arrives and leaves Palma:  
March 20, S. S. CHINDWIN. April 2, S. S. KEMMENDINE.

Palma-Genoa-Port Said arrives and leaves Palma:  
April 17, S. S. BHAMO. April 30, S. S. AMARAPOORA.

Palma-Lisbon-Southampton-Hamburg arrives and leaves Palma:  
April 15, S. S. USAMBARA.

Palma-Málaga-Boston-New York arrives and leaves Palma:  
March 22, S. S. EXCAMBION.

### TRANSATLANTIC

Steamer	Leaves	Port of	For	Due	Company
Banker	Mar. 22	London	New York	Apr. 1	A. Merchant
Ballin	Mar. 22	Cherbourg	N. Y.	Mar. 29	Ham. Amer.
Men	Mar. 25	Cherbourg	N. Y.	Mar. 24	N. G. Lloyd
onia	Mar. 25	Havre	N. Y.	Mar. 31	Cun. White Star
onia	Mar. 25	Liverpool	N. Y.	Apr. 1	Cun. White Star
Newp. N.	Mar. 25	Havre	Baltimore	Apr. 4	Baltimore Mail

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## FRENCH SERVICE EXTENSION

### M. HERRIOT'S THREAT

#### PRESS ATTACKS

PARIS, Monday

M. Flandin, it is revealed today, was not the only member of the Cabinet who was forced to resort to threats in order to secure the vote of confidence confirming the Government's decision to increase the period of compulsory military service to two years.

Just before the session of the Chamber of Deputies in which the vote was sought and obtained, the Radical-Socialist group of deputies held a meeting in which the followers of MM. Herriot and Daladier flung recriminations at each other.

M. Herriot finally threatened to resign both his position in the Cabinet and the chairmanship of the party unless the Radical-Socialists followed him unswervingly in this matter. The group then decided by a majority of twenty-seven votes to twelve to vote with M. Herriot and the Government in the Chamber.

#### Fear Of Crisis

The newspaper *L'Oeuvre*, the organ of the Radical-Socialist party, declares that it was the fear of a Cabinet crisis, which might have brought the Diehards into power, that induced the Radical Socialist deputies to support M. Herriot. The *Ere Nouvelle*, M. Herriot's own organ, writes that the Minister had doubtless served the national interests, but that in this case they coincided with his own.

The Socialist and Communist newspapers, as was expected, are furious at the result of the debate in the Chamber. They talk of «capitulation to the army» and advoc-

(Continued on page 4)

## M. LAVAL'S TRIP INVITATION FROM MOSCOW

PARIS, Monday

An interesting light has been thrown on the lively diplomatic activity which has been going on behind the scenes here for the past two weeks by the official announcement that the Soviet Ambassador, M. Potemkin, has invited the French Foreign Minister, M. Pierre Laval, to visit Moscow.

It is understood that M. Laval will accept the invitation and proceed to the Russian capital some time in April.

Diplomatic negotiations which kept the wires busy between Paris, London, Rome and Moscow during the last few days have been centred on the Eastern and Danubian pacts, although little information concerning the activity has been given to the press.

The famous political commentator «Pertinax» asserts that the Quai d'Orsay has practically abandoned all hopes for the achievement of a multilateral Eastern Pact, and that the visit of M. Laval to Moscow will mark the beginning of a new phase in the negotiations which it is hoped will lead to a Franco-Russian alliance.

Such a goal, it is now known, has been the object of diplomatic negotiations during the last few months. Overtures were made and accepted on both sides, leading up to the visit of the French minister which it is hoped will clinch the matter and result in a new and binding treaty.

It is possible that M. Laval will be in Moscow at the same time as the British representative who is travelling there, Lord Privy Seal Anthony Eden. In that event an even more cordial and widespread entente is visualized for the three powers.

Meanwhile the ratification of a German-Polish conciliation treaty whereby the friendship of the two

(Continued on page 4)

## REICH GOVT.'S DECISION CONSCRIPTION RESTORED

### MOMENTOUS LAW

BERLIN, Monday

The Reich Government has reestablished compulsory military service, which was abolished in Germany in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles.

The momentous decision was taken at a Cabinet meeting held on Saturday afternoon, and the law carrying it into effect published later in the evening. It is called the law for the Organisation of Defence, March 16, 1935, and reads as follows:

1. Service in the defensive forces will be on the basis of general military service.
2. The German peacetime army, inclusive of the militarised police, which will be incorporated with it, comprises twelve army corps divided into thirty-six divisions.
3. Supplementary laws determining the provisions applying general military service will be submitted by the War Minister to the Reich Cabinet.

#### Chancellor's Fiat

Saturday's Cabinet meeting in reality only ratified the decision which had been made by Herr Hitler the previous night. The Chancellor returned to the capital on Friday from Munich, where he had been taking a vacation, and spent the evening conferring with his advisers on the measure to be taken in view of the existing political situation.

On Saturday he read to the assembled Ministers a proclamation announcing the decision, which the Cabinet approved with every sign of enthusiasm. The Ministers rose to their feet and General von Blomberg, Minister of Defence, called for three cheers for the Fuehrer.

The proclamation to the German nation was issued late Saturday, simultaneously with the new law. It begins by pointing out that in November, 1918 the German people, after four and a half years of heroic struggle, laid down their arms trusting in the assurances of President Wilson.

The German nation, it is asserted, subsequently submitted to the worst possible humiliations in the hope of securing disarmament and a lasting peace.

The proclamation then goes on to enumerate the immense quantities of war material destroyed by Germany under the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles, emphasising that Germany conscientiously fulfilled all the severe obligations imposed upon her. She was therefore fully justified, the Chancellor declares, in demanding that the victor powers should carry out their part of the obligations.

(Continued on page 4)

## VERSAILLES DEAD REACTIONS TO REICH LAW

ROME, Monday

«The Versailles Treaty is no more than a mere shadow, and whoever puts his faith in it is clinging to a corpse.»

Such is the comment of the *Popolo di Roma* on the German Government's proclamation reestablishing compulsory military service, which is featured by the whole Italian press.

«History is moving on,» continues the *Popolo di Roma*, «and peace treaties cannot delay its progress, because peace treaties do not create power, but power may create treaties.» The paper declares that Germany's decision, though anticipated, marks an event of the utmost significance.

Special reference is made in the press comments on the new German law to the strength of the Russian army and to the extension of the period of military service in France. The Inter-Allied Commission's acknowledgment of Germany's complete disarmament is also emphasised, and is contrasted with the systematic increase of armaments by other states.

Diplomatic circles in Berlin, according to the *Messaggero's* correspondent in that capital, are convinced that the law and the proclamation accompanying it constitute the German Government's reply to the French Government's action and to M. Flandin's speech in the Chamber.

The British Ministers proved the great importance attached to Germany's decision by meeting yesterday at Downing Street for a short conference, according to a message from London. It was decided however to postpone the Cabinet meeting proper until today.

The Cabinet, it is stated, will consider the British reply this morning, and the British Government's view will be presented in

(Continued on page 4)

## MR. LL. GEORGE AND CABINET EXAMINATION OF «NEW DEAL»

LONDON, Monday

Mr. Lloyd George's «New Deal» has now reached the stage of official and public examination of the Cabinet.

The Cabinet Committee has been formed to consider proposals for tackling the unemployment problem submitted by the former Premier held a preliminary meeting here yesterday. The meeting was presided over by Mr. MacDonald, who arrived in London yesterday from Chicago. The Prime Minister's health has undergone a further improvement and is expected to attend the examination today.

The Committee, besides Mr. MacDonald, consists of the Chancellor of the Exchequer and the Secretaries of State for War, the Colonies and the Dominions. It is stated that the Minister of Education will join the Committee when the examination of the proposals begins.

#### Details Secret

The Prime Minister has invited Mr. Lloyd George that he will soon be invited to meet the committee which has been formed to examine his proposals, which have been kept extremely vague by the author, will be revealed as the examination proceeds.

From the point of view of the Government's supporters, the author and their author are equally important. The accession of Mr. Lloyd George, with his oratorical powers and his powerful personality,

(Continued on page 4)

## STATEMENT BY M. VENIZELOS

RHODES, Monday

The death knell of the abortive Greek revolution was rung yesterday when former Premier Venizelos, leader of the attempt, gave an interview containing his alibis.

The broken leader was on the point of sailing for Naples, in an effort to escape the Greek authorities. He will be interned, however, and possibly turned over to the Greek government, unless it is decided to let him live in peace in Italy.

M. Venizelos attributed the failure of the revolution to the hesitancy of the rebels' fleet and army. He claimed that the navy lost eighty-four hours before getting into action through faulty leadership, and that the eighty-four hours

robbed them of just the element of surprise which might have brought success.

In Athens it was learned yesterday that the first of the courts-martial on the rebels will open today, with Premier Tsaldaris urging clemency because the rebels avoided the creation of an anarchistic spirit.

Martial law is still in effect in Athens and throughout the country, and will not be lifted until the trials of the rebels are over.

In an interview prior to the latest, M. Venizelos stated that all he ever desired was the freedom of Crete and the liberty of Greece, and that now both goals could not be attained during his lifetime, he would never again set foot in his native land of his own accord.

## MEMEL TRIAL DEFENSE

Kovno, Monday

The speech of the defending counsel of those accused of high treason and murder in the Memel trial has aroused new interest here. Feeling has run high among the German and Lithuanian partisans since the storm of indignation broke out last Friday, when the State Prosecutor demanded five death sentences for those accused of the Vremer murder of Jesuttis.

At a late session which began in the evening and continued far into the night, the defending counsel, Herr Liechtenstein, made an impassioned speech which lasted several hours.

He tried to prove that no support at all can be found for the charges on which the demand for the death sentences are based. On the day during which Jesuttis was

murdered, all the accused, to show, have absolutely no alibis.

The prosecution, the counsel claimed, had not made proper use of the evidence furnished by experts, who in going to himself showed the death of Jesuttis was due to failure and not undue violence.

Counsel for the defense up his argument by demanding the acquittal of the accused on going to the group, and the dismissal of all claims against for damages. It is extremely probable that he will get what he

The trial has been and is being particularly interesting because of the feeling between Germans in this territory accused of Nazi crimes and the campaign against



**The Daily PALMA POST**

Established 1932

Published daily except Monday  
The Palma Post Press, Printed  
La Esperanza Press.

Subscriptions: 4 pts. monthly;  
pts. for six months; 35 pts.  
yearly.

Business Offices: Calle San Fe-  
4. Telephone. 1076.

Editorial Offices: Calle Lonjeta,  
Telephone. 1365.

**Editors and Publishers**

Thomas P. Leaman Jr.  
R. B. Leaman

**HARD FACTS**

Sir John Simon's postponed vi-  
to Berlin is to take place this  
week, and when he returns to Lon-  
don his travelling companion, Mr.  
Anthony Eden, will bear the olive  
branch two stages further, to War-  
saw and Moscow.

Two events which at first sight

seem ill for the success of the Brit-

ish Ministers' mission have occur-

red since the Berlin visit was first

announced. The first, the publica-

tion of the British White Paper on

imperial defence, was responsible

for the postponement of Sir John's

journey, for which Herr Hitler's

provided a convenient pretext.

The part of the White Paper

which provoked aggrieved protest-

ations in and around the Wil-

sonstrasse was that in which the

British Government sought to jus-

tify its increased defence estima-

tion by reference to the rearmam-

ent of Germany. The use of the

argument by M. Flandin to

persuade the French Chamber to

allow him to take steps to prevent

falling off in recruiting aroused

serious doubts.

Whether or no the French and

British Governments could have

achieved their immediate ends by

more tactful means, it remains a

question, and one which it is impos-

sible to ignore, that Germany is

arming. It is equally impossible

to expect Germany not to arm

when everyone else is doing so.

The latter fact has been official-

ly recognised by the Governments

concerned since M. Laval's momen-

tous conference with Signor Mus-

solini in Rome. That conference,

and the abandonment of the poli-

cy of trying to stop the rearming

of Germany by declaring it illegal,

gave the signal for the attempt to

revive the hope of a stable and

peaceful Europe, which is being

continued by means of the contin-

uous journey of the British For-

eign Secretary and Lord Privy Seal.

Mr John Simon has made it plain

that he is not too sanguine, though

he does not despair, of taking so-

me thing tangible back to London.

He and his colleagues are not to

be however, it is necessary for

the sides to be animated with the

realistic spirit which was evi-

dent in Rome and London.

**ON THE ISLAND**

*By The Wayfarer*

True to her promise to renew  
entertainment during the early  
part of Lent, Mrs. Jacques Desa-  
ulnier entertained a party of fri-  
ends at her Genova villa on Friday  
afternoon. Cocktails were offered  
and accepted by her guests.

Saturday night at Mrs. Gladly  
Kidd's Terreno residence, a fare-  
well bridge party was given for  
Mrs. Morrison and Mrs. Freer, the  
mother of Mr. Evan Freer. The  
host and hostess were Mr. and Mrs.  
Edwin Loewenthal.

**SECRETARY:—**

Members of the Majorca Society  
of Arts as well as friends of that  
society and of Miss Dickson are  
sorry to hear of the popular se-  
cretary's proposed departure for  
England. Miss Dickson, who has  
served as secretary of the Majorca  
Society for some time, plans to  
leave Palma for England within  
a fortnight.

**ACTOR:—**

Word comes from London that  
Mr. Thomas Weguelin and Mrs.  
Weguelin may be returning to Ma-

llorca this spring. Mr. Weguelin is  
now playing in a London show and  
will continue there until the pres-  
ent run terminates. He is a well-  
known English actor. Mr. and Mrs.  
Weguelin lived in Paguera for sev-  
eral months with Mr. Weguelin's  
uncle.

**HOUSE WARMED:—**

The house-warming party given  
by Miss Nita Dreiberg and Mrs.  
Nellie Dreiberg almost resulted in  
the overheating of the house—al-  
most, but not quite. Among those  
who were present to add fuel to  
the fires of friendship were Mr.  
and Mrs. Hugh Rose, Mr. Bernard  
Townsend, Miss Stephanie Wag-  
ner, Mr. Kenneth Craven, Mrs.  
Addie Craven, Mr. and Mrs. Paul  
Sadée, Mr. Wolff, Miss Valerie  
Gorska, Mr. Frank Park, Miss Bet-  
ty La Touche, Captain Evan Freer,  
Miss Edith Lawrence, Mr. Kevin  
Kavanagh, and Mrs. B. Banting.

**BRUSSELS:—**

Miss Chloé MacMillan, the char-  
ming young Australian who has  
been living in Mallorca for several

months, left on Saturday night  
for Brussels. She is returning to  
begin the series of radio talks for  
children which she will give in  
French taken from a book of chil-  
dren's stories written by herself.  
She is also an excellent painter and  
has produced, with the cooperation  
of Australia House in London, a  
beautifully illustrated book on the  
history and development of Aus-  
tralia.

Miss McMillan's mother, Mrs.  
Edith McMillan, also left the Is-  
land last Saturday. She will go  
overland to London and will later  
visit her daughter in Brussels. Dur-  
ing a part of their stay here, the  
McMillans lived in Valldemosa at  
the pension of Mrs. Walter, wife of  
the famous German pianist.

**MOTHER COMING:—**

The new arrangement between  
Germany and Spain, permitting  
Germans to withdraw a larger  
sum in marks each month for  
travel in Spain, is making it pos-  
sible for many more German citi-  
zens to come to Mallorca. Mr. and  
Mrs. Pollatschek are expecting the  
mother of Mrs. Pollatschek to ar-  
rive from the Ruhr on the twen-  
ty-third of this month. Mrs. Sophie  
Loewenthal may return to Mallor-  
ca to join her children here.

**CAMP DE MAR:—**

Mr. and Mrs. Townsend left the  
Camp de Mar Hotel late last week  
in order to sail to Barcelona where  
they will immediately entrain for  
Paris and then London.

**HERE AND THERE:—**

Miss Eugenia Lewis has moved  
from the Hotel Royal to the Mari-  
Sol. She is feeling much better and  
is able to renew most of her for-  
mer activities.

Mrs. Leonard Liebling, mother  
of Señora de Vidal Quadras, has  
been staying with her daughter  
and son-in-law in Son Alegre. She  
will move to her own home in the  
Calle Furio, later this month.

Major Johnson has moved from  
the Hotel Mediterraneo to a flat  
at number ninety-three on the  
Calle Armadams.

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ANSWERS TO  
CORRESPONDENTS

«Curious», Corp Mari.— No, «Cu-  
rious», Venizelos is not the name  
of the Colossus of Rhodes. Venize-  
los comes from Crete, and you are  
probably thinking of the Mino-  
taur, or the Labyrinth, or some-  
thing. The name of the Colossus is  
Papanastasiou, since you *must* be  
so infernally curious.

According to Doctor Astigma-  
tizmos of Athens (on whom be  
peace), the story of the Minotaur  
reflects the former popularity of  
bullfighting in Crete, which last-  
ed throughout the Minoan period.  
The decadence of the art, accord-  
ing to the same authority, dates  
from the appearance in the ring  
at Knossos of an Athenian *torero*  
named Perseus, who turned the  
whole spectacle into a farce by us-  
ing winged sandals, borrowed from  
the god Hermes, to allow him to  
place the *banderillas* while flying  
low over his adversary's head.

This cowardly and undignified  
innovation opened the way for the  
introduction of comic bullfights,  
*rejoneadores* on bicycles, *señoritas*  
*toreras* and other nameless horrors.  
The national spectacle quickly fell  
into disrepute, and finally was pro-  
hibited altogether by the third-cen-  
tury tyrant Dionysus Impekunios,  
in return for a bribe of twelve By-  
zantine talents from the sponsors  
of the new Roman game of *pan-*  
*cratium*, better known as all-in  
wrestling.

«Indignant», Son Alegre.— Sir!  
You can be as indignant as you  
please. You will not be one bit more  
indignant than I am.

The infamous suggestion, con-  
tained in your letter, that the En-  
glish place-names in my last col-  
umn are fakes, is the most per-  
fect expression of self-confident  
ignorance that ever passed through  
the mails of this long-suffering  
country. They are no more fakes  
than this correspondence.

I have not kept the number of  
«The Times» (o. w. b. p.) from  
which I extracted the names Far-  
thingstone, Old Poors, Whitchurch  
Canonicorum and the rest; nor, if  
I had, would I take the trouble to  
turn up the reference for your be-  
nefit. You may find all those pla-  
ces clearly marked on the maps  
of His Britannic Majesty's Or-  
dnance Department, which cannot  
lie.

As for your crack about «How  
Much Wenlock?», it is exactly what  
I should have expected from a per-  
son of your mentality.

This department continues its  
policy of welcoming interesting  
and legible letters from its read-  
ers. All correspondence coming un-  
der the head of «By Hook Or By  
Crook» will be attended to with  
that unflinching courtesy, that infa-  
lible accuracy, that ineffable *je-  
ne-sais-quoi* which is the distin-  
guishing characteristic of

*El Gancho*

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## GALLEONS ON THE SCREEN

LONDON, Saturday

A remarkable advance in the technique of filming sea pictures is embodied in the film «Drake of England», which is being made in the B. I. P. studios at Elstree.

Any representation of the life of the famous admiral, privateer and adventurer necessarily includes a number of sea fights. In fact, the climax of the film is the defeat of King Philip II's Invincible Armada by the English fleet.

Two hundred model ships from one foot to nine feet long are being used in the battle scenes, apart from the full-sized reproductions of parts of ships used for closeups. Models floating in tanks have long been employed for shooting such scenes, but the results have hitherto been unconvincing.

The trouble was that the miniature waves rose and fell too fast. The ingenuity of the producers of «Drake of England» has, it is claimed, overcome this difficulty.

Cameramen were told off to go out and get shots of appropriate seas and skies. The latter were then projected above and below the aperture through which the eye of the camera sees the miniature galleons bobbing about in their tank.

The sea and sky pictures were taken at five times the normal speed. It was therefore possible to synchronise them with the movements of the little ships and by slowing up the superimposed complete film to produce the most realistic effect.

Not only model ships, but also miniature towns are used in clever combination with outdoor and studio shots to make the film which reproduces the most stirring period of both English and Spanish history. The total cost of the models is given as £15,000.

## THEATRE GUIDE

### TEATRO PRINCIPAL

**Florelle**

in

**Société Limitée**

3:30 6:30 9:30

### TEATRO LIRICO

**Hollywood Party**

with

*All the M. G. M. Stars*

3:30 6:30 9:30

### SALON RIALTO

**Chopin's Last Waltz**

with

*Sybille Schmitz and*

*Wolfgang Leibeneiner*

3:30 6:30 9:30

## WORLD EVENTS IN BRIEF

BRUSSELS, Monday

Great anxiety is felt here about the serious condition of the Queen Mother, the widow of the late King Albert who met with a fatal accident last year. Queen Elizabeth is lying in a state of coma from which she only awakens for short periods from time to time.

LONDON, Monday

A privately chartered plane leaving Heston airport for Paris at dawn yesterday failed at a height of 100 feet immediately after the take-off and crashed. The pilot and a newly engaged couple who

were his passengers were killed.

OTTAWA, Monday

The plans of the government for taking over the entire grain sales are temporarily delayed owing to the illness of the Premier, but the view is held in political circles that the delay is a preliminary to the withdrawal of the scheme, which is opposed by Liverpool and Winnipeg dealers.

DUBLIN, Monday

During the College Green march past of Free State troops on the occasion of St. Patrick's Day yes-

terday the Republicans demonstrated and threw inflammatory leaflets declaring against De Valera and Cosgrave and British imperialism. Scuffles followed during which the police were compelled to use their batons. As a result there were numerous injuries.

LONDON, Monday

The Import Duties Advisory Committee has recommended that the ad valorem thirty-three and one-third per cent duty on steel goods be increased to fifty per cent. The new order will be brought before the Commons at an early date.

### MR. LL. GEORGE AND CABINET

(Continued from page 2).

believed to be the one thing that can save the National coalition from defeat in the general election which must take place in 1936 at the latest.

What remains of the mandate of the present Parliament will be exhausted by the time both Houses have passed the Government of India Bill. Meanwhile the Government is being attacked from all sides at once, and will need to move quickly if it is to win the support necessary to secure victory at the polls.

The extremists of the Conservative party are annoyed with the Government for what they term its surrender over India. The Labour Party, apart from any question of resentment of the desertion of Mr. MacDonald and the National Labour Group, are still fighting the Means Test, and the Liberals have been alienated by the Protectionist tariff changes of the last three years.

Mr. Lloyd George, while he is distrusted by all three political parties, is believed to be the only man in Britain capable of swaying the vast mass of electors who have no permanent party attachments. That fact, and the probability that Mr. MacDonald may soon retire from politics owing to his failing health, combine to make possible the return to power of the wartime Coalition leader and Premier.

### M. LAVAL'S TRIP

(Continued from page 2).

countries is guaranteed for ten years has been announced officially from Warsaw.

The ratification of the conciliation treaty, which was sorely needed, also includes the trade agreement between the two countries of October, 1934, which facilitates the exchange of goods between Germany and Poland. The agreement was ratified at a meeting of a committee for foreign affairs of the Sejm, or Parliament, which was presided over by the famous deputy M. Radziwill.

### REICH GOVT'S DECISION

(Continued from page 2).

Germany. Herr Hitler insists, disarmed. Her former opponents, however, have by unilateral action shaken off the obligations imposed upon them by the Versailles Treaty.

The new Government of the Reich thus saw itself compelled to take measures to put an end to a state of things which was not only ignoble but dangerous to Germany. The new German Reich, continues its ruler, only wishes to provide itself with the means of defending the country against all possible attacks.

Germany also needs these means of defence in order to be in a position eventually to undertake obligations as a guarantor of peace. The complete failure of her opponents to recognise her rights, it is claimed, forced Germany to leave the League of Nations as well as the Disarmament Conference, but she declared her readiness to cooperate in all measures necessary for the preservation of peace.

The proclamation points out that Germany has proposed non-aggression pacts to her neighbours, which in some cases have already been concluded. It also recalls Herr Hitler's declaration, made after the Saar plebiscite, that there remains no territorial dispute at issue between Germany and France.

The purpose of the Government's measure is defined as to entrust the defence of the Reich to the whole German nation once again. Germany has no intention of creating an army of aggression, it is stated in conclusion, but will continue all possible efforts towards the maintenance of peace.

### LATE SPORTS NEWS

JAMAICA, Monday

The latest scores in the fourth cricket Test match at Kingston are West Indies 535 for seven declared, Headley 270 not out, and M. C. C. 271 and 14 for no wicket. Wyatt, the English captain, retired injured in the first innings, and was removed to hospital.

### FRENCH SERVICE EXTENSION

(Continued from page 2).

ate the calling of an immense public protest meeting of the supporters of both parties.

The Right Wing press gives the lie to the «capitulation» talk by being equally disgruntled. The complaints from that quarter are based on the fact that the Government did not introduce a bill making the two years' service a permanent institution.

*L'Echo de Paris*, the mouthpiece of the General Staff, even goes so far as to threaten the Government with action by the Senate, which is traditionally a much more conservative body than the Chamber.

The action decided on by the Cabinet and endorsed by the Chamber is the extension of the term of military service, which at present is one year, to eighteen months for those recruits who will have served twelve months by April 1938, and by twelve months for succeeding classes up to and including the year 1939. The extension will be effected by decree under Article Forty of the military service law of 1928, which established the one year term, and is an emergency measure designed to meet the temporary shortage of recruits due to the low birthrate of the Great War period.

### VERSAILLES DEAD

(Continued from page 2).

the House of Commons this afternoon.

In official circles in Paris it is felt that German rearmament will be easier to deal with now that it is officially admitted. The official view here is that an understanding for common action will be reached within a few days, in view of the recently signed Franco-Italian agreement.

The Soviet press condemns the German decision and blames the hesitation of the British Government in its foreign policy. It is suggested in Moscow that Sir John Simon has fallen into a trap.

The decision is reported to have caused grave concern in Washington. The State Department there, however, is reticent pending the examination of diplomatic reports.

## EXPLORATION BY BUS

The opening up of Mallorca tourism was carried another forward last week, when a bus filled with tourists travelled over a road where no bus had been before.

The new trip, according to passengers who made it, takes travellers through scenery and villages more beautiful and more interesting than any other on the Island. The bus was one of the big motor vehicles of the Fabregas tour company.

The route which the exploration took starts with the road which leads inland from behind the little town in the mountains, Puffent.

Thence the bus followed a winding road through the mountains to Capdellá and Calviá, passing through several small hamlets, then took the road which leads down from Calviá towards the coast and joins the main road from Palma to Andraitx.

The trip included a visit to Andraitx and Puerto de Andraitx with a stop at Camp de Mar before returning to El Terreno. Señor Fabregas expects to make this trip a part of the regular schedule of his organisation which among other advantages claims to provide the cheapest excursions on the Island.

### GUILLERMO PALMER

Don Guillermo Palmer, who was consul for Belgium in Palma during the past year, died suddenly from an attack of pleurisy. The funeral took place at 11 o'clock Monday morning following service at San Nicolas Church.

In addition to his duties as Belgian consul, Sr. Palmer was agent for the Cunard-White Star steamship line and a custom officer. He was well known in the bank and banking circles. His office was on the Calle Victoria, at the corner of the Calle Conquistador.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST

*Lena*

Swiss Management  
Cocktails - Lunches  
Teas - Suppers

Opposite Alhambra Theatre